END OF PRIMARY BENCHMARK

MATHEMATICS WRITTEN PAPER

80 Marks
1 hour 15 minutes

WRITTEN PAPER

1. Work out:

b) 3000 **-** 125 =

c)
$$70 \times 70 =$$

d) $\pm 10 = 65.3$

2a) Tick ($\sqrt{}$) the best measure for:

i)



ii)



iii)



an apple

200 g	
2 kg	
20 kg	

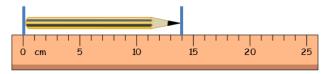
a teaspoon

5 ml	
50 ml	
5 l	

a toothbrush

17 mm	
17 cm	
17 m	

b) Look at the picture below.



The **length** of the pencil is

3. Fill in the blank spaces with one of the name cards below.

(Note: One of the name cards is extra.)

mixed fractions

decimal numbers

even numbers

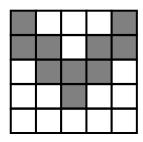
multiples of 5

proper fractions

square numbers

					NAME CARDS
Example	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	proper fractions
a)	36	100	4	81	
b)	$5\frac{3}{4}$	$2\frac{5}{7}$	$3\frac{3}{8}$	$10\frac{1}{3}$	
c)	5	25	40	105	
d)	268	170,000	54	6	

4. The diagram below shows a grid of squares. Some squares are shaded.



a) What **fraction** of the whole grid is **shaded**?

b) What **fraction**, in its **simplest form**, is **not shaded**?

c) What **percentage** of the **whole grid** is **shaded**?

(\mathbf{v}) the correct answer in each question being	5a)	Tick ()	the correct answer in each question b	elow.
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i) **8** × **8** = **64**

This means that:

$$64 \div 8 = 8$$

Half of
$$64 = 8$$

ii)

$$42 \times 18$$

This is the same as:

$$42 \times 6 \times 3$$

$$42 \times 1 \times 8$$

$$42 \times 10 \times 8$$



b) Look at the calculation in the box.

Explain what it means.

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

It means that

6.

Use the digits in each question **only once**.

a) Make the **smallest** possible **number** using **all** these digits.

4

2	
_	

3





b) Use all these digits to make a fraction and an equivalent decimal.

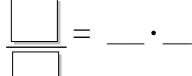
1



5







c) Arrange all these digits to make the largest possible answer.

6



3





x ____

7. In a Year 6 class:

10% of the pupils have a dog.40% of the pupils have a cat.The rest have a fish.

a) What is the **percentage** of pupils who **do not have a dog** as a pet?

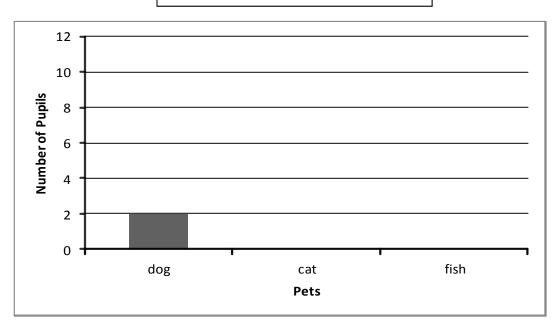
b) In this class there are **20 pupils**.

Work out how many pupils have a fish as a pet.

____pupils

c) Complete this bar chart.

PETS OWNED BY YEAR 6 PUPILS



8. Carla takes **five** books to school.

These books and Carla's bag weigh **4.5 kg together**.



a) The books weigh 750 g, 0.6 kg, 700 g, 420 g and 1kg.
Work out the total weight of these five books.
Give your answer in kg and g.

____ kg ____ g

b) Work out the **weight** of Carla's **empty bag**?

____ kg ____ g

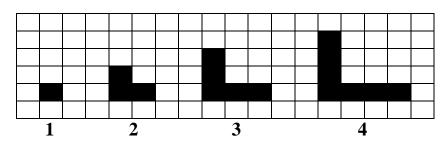
c) One day, Carla takes an **extra book** to school.

The **weight** of Carla's **bag** and **all the books** is now $4\frac{3}{4}$ **kg**.

Work out the **weight of the extra book**. Give your answer in **grams**.

_____g

9. Look carefully at this **sequence of shapes** made of **rectangles**.



Shape number	1	2	3	4
Number of rectangles	1	3	5	7

a) How many **rectangles** will **shape number 9** have?

b) Which shape number will have 23 rectangles?

shape	number	

c) Complete the **rule for this sequence**:



10. From a stationery shop



Mark buys 6 books for €15

and

Fiona buys 3 e-books for €15



a) What is the **cost** of **1 book**?

€		
· _	 	

b) Mum bought 3 books and 4 e-books for her son.
How much did Mum pay?

€		
· -	 	

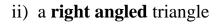
c) Sarah spent €45.

She bought 2 books and e-books.

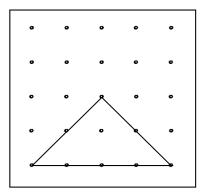
11a) The first board shows an isosceles triangle.

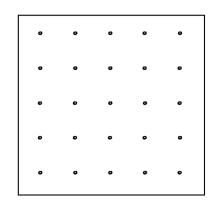
Draw the other two types of triangles.

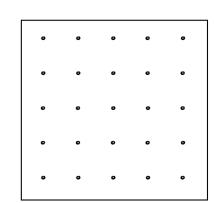
i) an isosceles triangle



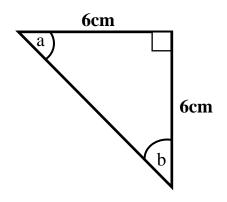
iii) a scalene triangle







b) Look at this triangle.

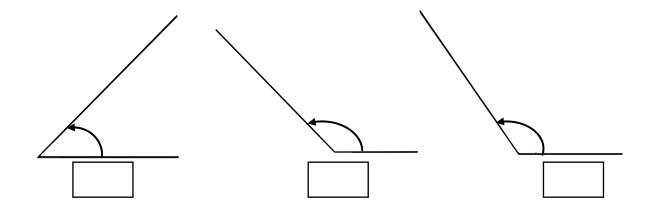


Work out the size of angle a in this triangle, without using the protractor.

Angle a = _______o

c) Tick ($\sqrt{}$) the angle of size 135°.

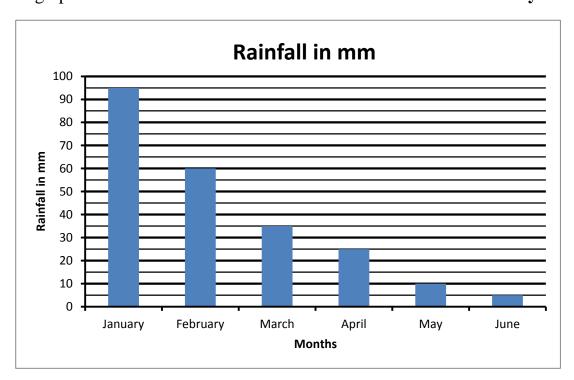
(Note: You need to use the protractor to measure the angles.)



12.	Peter had a piece of cardboard measuring 22 cm by 15 cm.
a)	What is the area of the cardboard?
	cm ²
b)	From the cardboard, he needed to cut the net of a cube of sides 3 cm, as
	shown in the diagram below. 22 cm
	3 cm 15 cm
	Work out:
	i) the area of the black square.
	cm ²
	ii) the area of the net of the cube.
	cm ²
c)	Peter cut out the net

Work out the **area** of the **remaining cardboard**.

13. The graph shows the amount of rainfall in the first 6 months of the year.



a) What was the **total** rainfall in **February**?

_____ mm

- b) In **January** it rained _____ mm more than in May.
- c) What was the total rainfall for the first six months of the year?

_____ mm

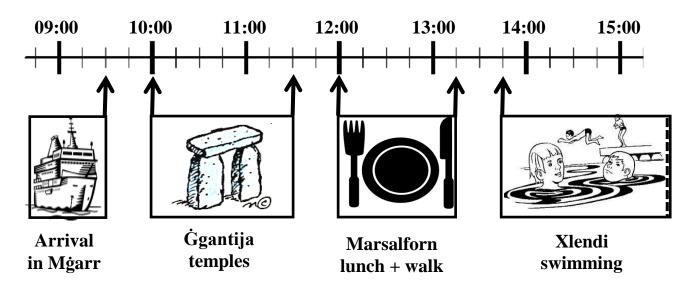
d) The average rainfall for the first seven months of the year was 33 mm. How much did it rain in July?

_____ mm

14.	Packets of water bottles were bought for a school party for 200 children .
	Each bottle had a capacity of 1.5ℓ of water.
a)	Glasses holding 150 ml of water each were used at the party. How many glasses of water were filled from 1 bottle?
	glasses
b)	Each packet contained 6 bottles of water. Jack said that 65 glasses could be filled from each packet of water.
	i) Do you agree?Tick (✓) the correct answer.
	Yes No
	ii) Give a reason for your answer.
c)	During the party, all children had their glass filled twice with water. How many litres of water were used at the party?
	litres

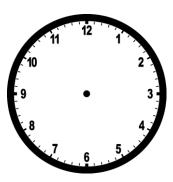
15. Last Friday, Ben spent a day in Gozo with his friends.

Look at this timeline and answer the questions below.



a) Ben and his friends arrived in Gozo at **09:30**.

Mark 09:30 on this clock face.



b) Ben and his friends had lunch in **Marsalforn** and then went for a short walk.

They left Marsalforn at 13:15.

How long, in minutes, did they stay there?

_____ minutes

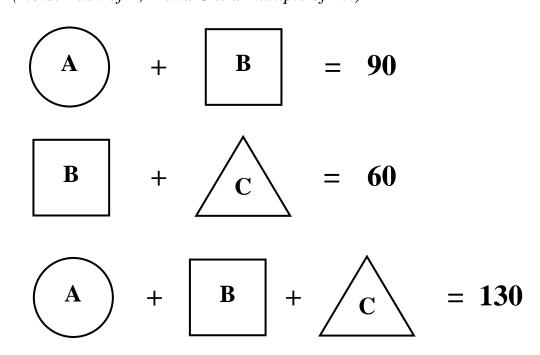
c) In **Xlendi** the children enjoyed a swim.

They spent **165 minutes** at the beach.

At what time did they leave?

____: ____ p.m.

16. **A**, **B** and **C** stand for **three different numbers**. (*Note:* Each of A, B and C is a multiple of 10.)



Work out the value of A, B and C.

$$A = \bigcirc$$
 $B = \bigcirc$
 $C = \bigcirc$

END OF PAPER

Marking Scheme Mental Paper Nos. 1 - 20 $20 \times 1 \text{ mark}$ 20 marks **Written Paper** 4×4 marks 1 - 4 16 marks Nos. 5 - 12 8×5 marks 40 marks 13 - 16 4×6 marks 24 marks 100 marks **TOTAL**